SEWER USE ORDINANCE

TOWNSHIP OF TILDEN
BERKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

ARTICLE 1.	CONT	ENTS, DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS 1
Section	101.	Table of Contents
Section	103.	Table of Contents
ARTICLE 2.	FEES	, CHARGES AND CONNECTIONS
Section		Tapping Fee
Section		Extraordinary Maintenance Charge 10
Section		Sewer System Extensions
Section		Connection to Sewers Hereafter Completed 11
Section		Time Limit for Making Connections 12
Section		Failure to Connect
Section	207.	Privies, Cesspools, Septic Tanks and Similar
a 1.1		Receptacles Unlawful
Section		Building Sewers and Connections 12
Section	209.	Rules and Regulations Governing Building
a	0.1.0	Sewers and Connections to Sewers 14
Section		Sewer Rentals and User Charges 15
Section		Computation of Sewer Rentals or Charges . 15
Section		Time and Method of Payment
Section	213.	Liens for Fees, Charges, Rentals and
		Connections
ARTICLE 3.	USE (OF WORKS, DISCHARGES AND STANDARDS 18
Section	301.	Use of Treatment Works
Section	302.	Prohibited Discharges
Section	303.	Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards 22
Section	304.	Modification of Federal Categorical
		Pretreatment Standards
Section	305.	State Requirements
Section	306.	Excessive Discharges
Section		Accidental Discharges 22
Section	308.	Written Notice 23
Section	309.	Notice to Employees
ARTICLE 4.	TNDII	STRIAL WASTES 23
Section		
Section		
bección	402.	Fees
Section	403.	Approval Required for Industrial Wastes . 24
Section	404.	Industrial Waste Discharge Permit 25
Section	405.	Permit Modifications 27
Section	406.	Permit Conditions 27
Section	407.	Permit Duration 28
Section	408.	Permit Transfer 28
Section	409.	Reporting Requirements for Permittee 29
Section		Monitoring Facilities 30
Section		Inspection and Sampling 30
Section		Pretreatment and Preliminary Treatment of
Deceron	-1 -1 -0 +	Industrial Wastes
Section	413.	Confidential Information
2		

ARTICLE 5.		RMINATION OF CHARGES FOR INDUSTRIAL WAST
	SURC	HARGES
Section	501.	Industrial Waste Surcharges
Section	502.	Surcharge Formula
Section	503.	Additional Surcharges
Section	504.	Methods of Payment of Extra Charges by
		Industrial Users
Section	505.	Industrial Users
Section	506.	Administrative Appeal Procedure; Hearing
		Board
Section	507.	Board
		Industrial Waste
Section	508.	Industrial Waste
Section	509.	Access
ARTICLE 6.	DETE	RMINATION OF CHARGES FOR INDUSTRIAL WASTE COST
		VERY
Section	601.	Industrial Cost Recovery
Section		Computation of Industrial Cost Recovery
00002011	0021	Payment
Section	603	Payment
Section		Industrial Waste Sampling
Section		Repayment Period
Section		
bección	000.	Right of Appeal
ARTICLE 7.	ADOP	TION OF ADDITIONAL RULES AND REGULATIONS . 39
		TOW OF INDUITION ROLLS IN THE RESOLUTION . J.
ARTICLE 8.	ENFO	RCEMENT
Section		
Section		
Section		Notification of Violation
Section		
Section	805.	Legal Action 41
ADDTOLD O	221101	III. MDINGDODMINION IND DIGDOGIC OF DOMESTIC
ARTICLE 9.		VAL, TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL OF DOMESTIC
	WASTI	E AND INDUSTRIAL WASTES 41
ARTICLE 10.		
		Violation/Failure to Comply 42
Section	1002.	Falsifying Information 42
ARTICLE 11.		ELLANEOUS 42
Section		Severability
Section		Purpose
		Repealer 43
Section	1104	Effective Date 43

SEWER USE ORDINANCE

Tilden Township Berks County, Pennsylvania

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWNSHIP OF TILDEN, BERKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, ADOPTING RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING USE OF THE SEWER SYSTEM; IMPOSING USER CHARGES TO BE COLLECTED FROM THE OWNER OF EACH IMPROVED PROPERTY SERVED BY THE SEWER SYSTEM AND PROVIDING FOR PAYMENT AND COLLECTION OF SUCH USER CHARGES AND FEES

BE IT ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Board of Supervisors of the Township of Tilden, Berks County, Pennsylvania, and it is hereby ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the authority of the same as follows:

ARTICLE 1.

CONTENTS, DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Section 101. Table of Contents. A Table of Contents, updated from time to time, will be made a part of this Ordinance for ease of use. In the event that any term or provision of the operative portion of this Ordinance conflicts with any term or provision of the Table of Contents, such term or provision of the operative portion of this Ordinance shall prevail.

<u>Section 102. Definitions</u>. Unless the context specifically indicates otherwise, as used in this Ordinance certain terms are defined as follows:

- (a) "Abnormal Strength Waste" means any waste having a BOD_5 , suspended solids or dissolved solids concentration in excess of that found in normal domestic waste, but which is otherwise acceptable into a public sewer under the terms of this Ordinance.
- (b) "Act" or "the Act" means the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, also known as the Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1251, et. seq.
- (c) "Approval Authority" means the Director in an NPDES state with an Approved State Pretreatment Program and the Administrator of the EPA in a non-NPDES state or NPDES state without an Approved State Pretreatment Program. On the date

of enactment of this Ordinance, Pennsylvania does not have an Approved State Pretreatment Program.

- (d) "Authority" means the Hamburg Municipal Authority or its authorized representatives.
- (e) "Authorized Representative of Industrial User" may be: (1) a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice-president, if the Industrial User is a corporation; (2) a general partner or proprietor if the Industrial User is a partnership or proprietorship, respectively; or (3) a duly authorized representative of the individual designated above if such representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facilities from which the discharge originates.
- (f) "BOD" (biochemical oxygen demand) means the quantity of oxygen, expressed in Mg/L, utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure for five (5) days at twenty degrees centigrade (20'). The standard laboratory procedure shall be that found in the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Sewage" published by the American Public Health Association.
- (g) "Building Sewer or Lateral" means the extension of the building drain from the curb line or property line to the public sewer or other place of disposal.
- (h) "Categorical Standards" means National Categorical Pretreatment Standard or Pretreatment Standards.
- (i) "Chlorine Demand" means the quantity of chlorine absorbed in water, sewage or other liquids, allowing a residual of 0.1 ppm, after fifteen (15) minutes of contact.
- (j) "C.O.D." (Chemical Oxygen Demand), means the quantity of oxygen, expressed in milligrams per liter, utilized in the chemical oxidation of organic and inorganic matter under standard laboratory conditions. The standard laboratory procedure shall be that found in the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater," published jointly by the American Public Health Association, the American Water Works Association and the Water Pollution Control Federation.
- (k) "Color" of an industrial waste means the color of the light transmitted by the waste solution after removing that suspended material, including the pseudocolloidal particles.

- (1) "Commercial Connection" means a user who discharges domestic wastewater and wastewater generated from preparation or supplying commodities and services such as restaurants, car washes, gasoline stations and laundromats.
- (m) "Control Authority" refers to the "Approval Authority," defined hereinabove, or the Township of Tilden when it has an approved Pretreatment Program under the provisions of 40 CFR, 403.11.
- (n) "Cooling Water" means the water discharged from any system of condensation such as air conditioning, cooling or refrigeration.
- (o) "Direct Discharge" means the discharge of treated or untreated wastewater directly into the waters of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
- (p) "Dissolved Solids" means the anhydrous residues of the dissolved constituents in water or wastewater.
- (q) "Domestic Waste" means the normal water carrying household and toilet wastes from residences, business buildings, institutions and industrial establishments.
- (r) "Dwelling Unit" means any room, group of rooms, house trailer or other enclosure occupied or intended for occupancy as a separate business or as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone.
- (s) "Environmental Protection Agency" or "EPA" means the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or, where appropriate, the term may also be used as a designation for the Administrator or other duly authorized official of said Agency.
- (t) "Equivalent Dwelling Unit (EDU)" means the quantity of flow which is equivalent to the average amount of water consumed by a single residential unit. The number of equivalent dwelling units assigned to a residential dwelling unit, regardless of water consumption, is one (1). The number of EDU's assigned to an industrial or other non-residential user is calculated on a quarterly basis by dividing the total quarterly water consumption (or sewage flow) of the industrial or other non-residential unit user by the average quarterly water consumption of a residential unit during the previous year. The minimum number of EDU's assigned to any user shall be one (1).

- (u) "Garbage" means solid waste resulting from the domestic and commercial preparation, cooking and dispensing of food and from the handling, storage and sale of produce.
- (v) "Grab Sample" means a sample which is taken from a waste stream on a one-time basis with no regard to the flow in the waste stream and without consideration of time.
- (w) "Ground Garbage" means garbage that has been shredded to such a degree that all its particles shall be carried freely under normal sewage flow conditions, with no particle greater than one-half inch (1/2") in any dimension.
- (x) "Ground Water" means water which is standing in or passing through the ground.
- (y) "Holding Tank Waste" means any waste from holding tanks such as vessels, chemical toilets, campers, trailers, septic tanks and vacuum-pump tank trucks.
- (z) "Improved Property" means any property within the service area upon which there is erected a structure intended for continuous or periodic habitation, occupancy or use by human beings or animals and from which structure sanitary sewage and/or industrial wastes shall or may be discharged.
- (aa) "Indirect Discharge" means the discharge or the introduction of nondomestic pollutants from any source regulated under Section 307(b) or (c) of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1317), into the POTW (including holding tank waste discharged into the system).
- (ab) "Industrial Establishment" means any improved property used, in whole or in part, for manufacturing, processing, cleaning, laundering or assembling any product, commodity or article; or from which any process waste, as distinct from domestic waste, shall be discharged.
- (ac) "Industrial User" means a source of indirect discharge which does not constitute a "discharge of pollutants" under regulations issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1342).
- (ad) "Industrial Waste" means any liquid or gaseous substance, whether or not solids are contained therein, discharged from any industrial establishment during the course of any industrial, manufacturing, trade or business process or in the course of the development, recovery or processing of natural resources, as distinct from sanitary sewage.
- (ae) "Industrial Waste Permit" means a permit to deposit or discharge liquid industrial wastes into the POTW.

- (af) "Industrial Waste Surcharge" means a charge levied on industrial users of the treatment works of the POTW for the additional cost of treating abnormal strength wastes.
- (ag) "Interference" means the inhibition or disruption of the POTW treatment processes or operations which contributes to a violation of any requirement of the NPDES Permit. The term includes prevention of sewage sludge use or disposal by the POTW in accordance with Section 405 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1345) or any criteria, guidelines or regulations developed pursuant to the Solid Waste Disposal Act (SWDA), the Clean Air Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act or more stringent state criteria (including those contained in any State sludge management plan prepared pursuant to Title IV of SWDA) applicable to the method of disposal or use employed by the POTW.
- (ah) "Manhole" means a shaft or chamber leading from the surface of the ground to a sewer which is large enough to enable a person to gain access to the latter.
 - (ai) "May" is permissive; "shall" is mandatory.
- (aj) "Mg/L" means milligrams per liter and is equivalent to parts per million (ppm) by weight.
- (ak) "Multiple Dwelling" means any improved property in which shall be located more than one (1) dwelling unit.
- (al) "National Categorical Pretreatment Standard" or "Pretreatment Standard" means any regulation containing pollutant discharge limits promulgated by the EPA in accordance with Section 307(b) and (c) of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1347) which applies to a specific category of Industrial Users.
- (am) "National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit" means a permit issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1342).
- . (an) "National Prohibitive Discharge Standard" or "Prohibitive Discharge Standard" means any regulation developed under the authority of Section 307(b) of the Act and 40 CFR, Section 403.5.
- (ao) "New Source" means any source, the construction of which is commenced after the publication of proposed regulations prescribing a Section 307(c) (33 U.S.C. 1317) Categorical Pretreatment Standard which will be applicable to such source, if such standard is thereafter promulgated within one hundred twenty (120) days of proposal in the Federal Register. Where the standard is promulgated later

than one hundred twenty (120) days after proposal, a new source means any source, the construction of which is commenced after the date of promulgation of the standard.

- (ap) "Normal Strength Waste" means sewage which, when analyzed or caused to be analyzed by the Borough, shows a daily average of not more than three hundred (300) Mg/L of total suspended solids, two hundred fifty (250) Mg/L of BOD $_5$, three hundred (300) Mg/L dissolved solids, and/or six and sixtenths (6.6) Mg/L of phosphorus.
- (aq) "Objectionable Waste" means any waste that: (a) can, in the Borough's judgment, harm either the sewers, sewage treatment process or equipment, or, in the judgment of any municipality where the wastes are being carried, can have an adverse effect upon its system; (b) can have an adverse effect upon the receiving stream; (c) can otherwise endanger life, health or property; or (d) which constitutes a public nuisance.
- (ar) "Owner" means any person vested with ownership, legal or equitable, sole or partial, of any property located in the POTW service area.
- (as) "Person" means any individual, partnership, copartnership, firm, company, corporation, association, joint stock company, trust, estate, governmental entity or any other legal entity, or their legal representatives, agents, successors or assigns. The masculine gender shall include the feminine and the singular shall include the plural where indicated by the context.
- (at) "pH" means the logarithm of the reciprocal of the weight of hydrogen ions in grams per liter of solution, indicating the degree of acidity or alkalinity of a substance. A stabilized "pH" shall be considered as a "pH" which does not change beyond the specific limits when the waste is subjected to aeration. It shall be determined by one of the accepted methods described in the latest edition of "Standard Methods of Examination of Water and Sewage" published by the American Public Health Association.
- (au) "Pollutant" means any dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munition, chemical waste, biological material, radioactive material, heat, wrecked or discharge equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt and industrial, municipal and agricultural waste discharged into water.
- (av) "Pollution" means the man-made or man-induced alteration of the chemical, physical, biological, and radiological integrity of water.

- (aw) "Pretreatment" or "Treatment" means the reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or that alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater to a less harmful state prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a POTW. The reduction or alteration can be obtained by physical, chemical or biological processes, or process changes by other means, except as prohibited by 40 CFR Section 403.6(d).
- (ax) "Pretreatment Requirements" means any substantive or procedural requirement related to pretreatment, other than a National Pretreatment Standard imposed on an industrial user.
- (ay) "Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW)" means a treatment works as defined by Section 212 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1292). This definition includes any sewers that convey wastewater to the POTW treatment plant, but does not include pipes, sewers, pumping stations, force mains or other conveyances not connected to a facility providing treatment. For the purposes of this Ordinance, "POTW" shall also include any sewer that conveys wastewater to the POTW.
- (az) "POTW Treatment Plant" means that portion of the POTW designed to provide treatment to wastewater.
 - (ba) "Receiving Stream" means the Schuylkill River.
- (bb) "Sanitary Sewage", shall mean normal water-carried household and toilet wastes from any improved property.
- (bc) "Sanitary Sewer" means any pipe or conduit constituting a part of the sewer system, or usable for sewage collection purposes, which carries sewage and to which storm, surface and ground water are not admitted.
- (bd) "Sewage", refers to all substances discharged into the Sanitary Sewers and into the Treatment Plant, including any and all wastes from residences, business buildings, institutions and industrial establishments.
- (be) "Sewer System", means all applicable facilities, as of any particular time, for collecting, pumping, treating or disposing of domestic waste and/or industrial wastes.
 - (bf) "Shall" is mandatory; "may" is permissive.
- (bg) "Significant Industrial User" means any Industrial User of the Township's wastewater disposal system which constitutes any Categorical Industrial User (CIU), as that term is defined by the United States Environmental Protection

Agency in its rules and regulations, as may be amended, and any other Industrial User which:

- (1) discharges twenty-five thousand 25,000 gallons or more of process wastewater per day;
- (2) contributes a process wastewater which makes up five percent (5%) or more of the dry weather average hydraulic or organic capacity at the POTW;
- (3) is designated as such by the Township on the basis that it has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the POTW's operation or for violating a pretreatment standard or requirement.
- (bh) "Slug" means any pollutant, including oxygen demanding pollutants, released in a discharge in a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which causes interference with the POTW.
- (bi) "Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)" means a classification pursuant to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, 1972.
 - (bj) "State" means the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
- (bk) "Storm Water" means that portion of the precipitation which runs off over the surface during a storm and, for a short period following a storm, enters the sewer system.
- (bl) "Surface Water" means that portion of the precipitation which runs off over the surface of the ground.
- (bm) "Suspended Solids" means solids that either float on the surface of, or are in suspension in, water, sewage or other liquids and which are removable by laboratory filtration.
- (bn) "Total Solids" means solids that float on the surface of, are in suspension in, or dissolved in water, sewage or other liquids, and which are determined by appropriate procedures found in the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Sewage" published by the American Public Health Association.
- (bo) "Township" means the Township of Tilden, Berks County, Pennsylvania or the Board of Supervisors of the Tilden Township of Tilden, Berks County, Pennsylvania.

- (bp) "Toxic Pollutant" means any pollutant or combination of pollutants listed as toxic in regulations promulgated by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under the provision of CWA 307(a) or other Acts.
- (bq) "Toxic Substance" means any noxious and/or deleterious substance in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, to constitute a hazard to humans or animals, to create a public nuisance, or to create any hazard in any sewer system or in the receiving stream of the sewage treatment plant.
- (br) "User" means any person who contributes, causes or permits the contribution of wastewater into the POTW.
- (bs) "Wastewater" means the liquid and water-carried industrial or domestic wastes from dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial facilities and institutions, together which may be present, whether treated or untreated, which is contributed into or permitted to enter the POTW.
- (bt) "Waters of the State" means all streams, lakes, ponds, marshes, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, reservoirs, aquifers, irrigation systems, drainage systems and all other bodies or accumulations of water, surface or underground, natural or artificial, public or private, which are contained within, flow through, or border upon the State or any portion thereof.
- (bu) "User Charge" shall mean a charge levied on users of the treatment works for the cost of operation, maintenance and capital improvements of such works.

<u>Section 103. Abbreviations.</u> The following abbreviations shall have the designated meanings:

- BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand.
- CFR Code of Federal Regulations.
- COD Chemical Oxygen Demand.
- CWA Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1251, et. seq.
- EPA Environmental Protection Agency.
- 1 Liter.
- mg Milligrams.
- Mg/L Milligrams per liter.

- NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System.
- POTW Publicly Owned Treatment Works.
- SIC Standard Industrial Classification.
- SWDA Solid Waste Disposal Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et. seq.
- USC United States Code.
- TSS Total Suspended Solids.

ARTICLE 2.

FEES, CHARGES AND CONNECTIONS

Section 201. Tapping Fee. There is hereby imposed a tapping fee for the purpose of recovering a portion of the cost for existing facilities, plan facilities and reimbursements to others for facilities constructed at their expense and facilities which must be constructed to provide service to the property owner. Such tapping fee will be determined pursuant to the duly adopted Fee Schedule in effect at the time of payment and shall be payable at the time of application for connection or at such other time as the property owner and the Township agree or, in the case of projects to serve existing development, such fees shall be payable at a time to be determined by the Township. Such fees will be determined and charged in accordance with Act 203 of 1990, as amended. Such fees shall be established by resolution of the Township Board of Supervisors.

Section 202. Extraordinary Maintenance Charge. Any person discharging any waste which, in the judgment of the Township, causes any extraordinary maintenance expenses in the form of damage to the system or biological processes shall be billed by the Township in the amount of said expenses. The billing amount shall be determined by the Township and shall include charges for labor of Township personnel and other costs incurred by the Township.

<u>Section 203. Sewer System Extensions</u>. Anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding and with the written consent of the Township:

(a) The Township may enter into agreements with the Authority under which the Authority will agree to construct

sewer extension lines and lease them to the Township for a fixed rental, to be paid by the Township out of the sewer connection charges and sewer rentals collected from the users thereof under the provisions of this Ordinance, sufficient to reimburse the Authority within a specified period for the cost, including interest of such extension, whenever such extension requires the borrowing of additional capital;

- (b) The Township may enter into agreements providing for the deposit by property owners with the Township of all or a part of the cost of installing sewer extension lines, the installation of such lines by the Township and the subsequent refund over a period of time to the depositor of all or a part of said deposit but out of the revenues derived by the Township from the use of said sewer extension lines; or
- (c) The Township may enter into agreements with property owners waiving or refunding in whole or in part the connection fees imposed by Section 201 above and also waiving or refunding for a period to be specified in such agreement, which period shall not exceed ten (10) years from the date that sewer service becomes available, a portion of the sewer rentals imposed upon the owner of any property within the Township, who, at said owner's cost and expense, installs a sewer main or mains connecting laterals from said owner's property with the sewer system constructed by the Township, provided that (1) such sewer main or mains shall be installed in such a manner and of such materials as shall be approved in writing by the Consulting Engineer and (2) title to such sewer main or mains shall be transferred to the Township.

Section 204. Connection to Sewers Hereafter Completed. As from time to time sewer service becomes available to additional properties within the Township by reason of improvements of properties abutting on or adjoining any street, alley, lane or other public highway in which there is a sewer, or by reason of the extension of the sewer system so as to make sewer service available to improved properties, each and every owner of such property shall likewise be required to connect his, her or its premises with the sewer system, but only upon receipt of due notice from the Township to so connect.

The notice by the Township to make a connection to a sewer shall consist of a written or printed document requiring the connection in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and specifying that such connection shall be made within forty-five (45) days from the date such notice is given. Such notice may be given at any time after a sewer is in place which can receive and convey sanitary sewage and industrial wastes for treatment and disposal from the particular improved property. Such notice shall be served upon the Owner by personal service, by certified mail or by such other method as at the time may be provided by law.

Section 205. Time Limit for Making Connections. the expiration of forty-five (45) days from the date of notice given pursuant to Section 204 of this Ordinance, any owner of improved property abutting on or adjoining any street, alley, lane or other public highway in which there is a sewer shall have failed to connect with the sewer system, the Township or its agents may enter upon the property of such owner and make such connection. such case, the Township shall, upon completion of the work, send an itemized bill of the cost of construction of such connection to the Owner of the property to which connection has so been made, which bill shall be payable forthwith, and in case of the neglect or refusal of the owner of said property to pay said bill, the Township may collect the same by a civil action or the Township may file a municipal lien for such construction within six (6) months the date of the completion of the construction of said connections, the same to be the subject in all respects to the general laws providing for filing and recovery of municipal liens.

Section 206. Failure to Connect. Failure to connect within the time limit constitutes a violation. If, after the expiration of forty-five (45) days from the date of the notice given pursuant to Section 204 of this Ordinance, any owner shall have failed to connect said owner's property with the sewer system as required by this Ordinance, such failure shall be and is hereby declared a violation of this Ordinance.

Section 207. Privies, Cesspools, Septic Tanks and Similar Receptacles Unlawful. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to: erect, construct, own, maintain, operate or use within the Township a privy, cesspool, septic tank or similar receptacle for receiving sewage, upon any property now or hereafter improved which abuts on or adjoins any street, alley, lane or other public highway in which sewer service is available by virtue of a service of the sewer system; or connect any privy, cesspool, septic tank or receptacle on any such property with the sewer system; or discharge sewage into any pipe or other outlet leading from any such property and not connected to the sewer system.

Section 208. Building Sewers and Connections. No person shall uncover, connect with, make any opening into, or use, alter or disturb in any manner any sewer or any part of the sewer system without first obtaining a written permit from the Township. Application for a permit shall be made by the Owner of the improved property served or to be served.

No person shall make or cause to be made a connection of any improved property with a sewer until such person shall have fulfilled each of the following conditions:

(a) Such person shall have notified the Secretary of the Township of the desire and intention to connect to a sewer.

- (b) Such person shall have applied for and obtained a written permit.
- (c) Such person shall have given the Secretary of the Township at least twenty-four (24) hours notice of the time when such connection will be made so that the Township may supervise and inspect the work of connection and necessary testing.
- (d) Such person shall have furnished satisfactory evidence to the Secretary of the Township that any tapping fee charged and imposed by the Township against the owner of each improved property who connects such improved property to a sewer has been paid.

Any person, partnership or corporation who shall allow stormwater or water from roofs to enter the sanitary sewer system of the Township shall be responsible for the damages and for repairing the said sewer system, which said damages and cost of repairs shall be collected by the Township from the offending party, together with legal costs.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, each improved property shall be connected separately and independently with a sewer through a building sewer. Grouping of more than one (1) improved property on one (1) building sewer shall not be permitted except under special circumstances and for good sanitary reasons or other good cause shown, and then only after special permission of the Township, in writing, shall have been secured and subject to such rules, regulations and conditions as may be prescribed by the Township.

Duplex residences presently connected to one (1) sewer and with interior plumbing so designed that both houses are connected to one (1) riser pipe contiguous to each house will be permitted to discharge sewage into the sanitary sewer through one (1) house connection, provided that a separate connection fee and separate minimum rental fee is paid for each residence. The owner of each property shall obtain a permit before any connection is made to the lines.

All costs and expenses of construction of a building sewer and all costs and expenses of connection of a building sewer to a sewer, including testing, shall be borne by the owner of the improved property to be connected; and such owner shall indemnify and save harmless the Township from all loss or damage that may be occasioned, directly or indirectly, as a result of a building sewer or of connection of a building to a sewer. The construction of the building sewer shall be subject to inspection by the Township. Maintenance of the buildings's sewer will remain the responsibility of the owner of the property.

A building sewer shall be connected to a sewer at the place designated by the Township and where the lateral is provided. The invert of a building sewer at the point of connection shall be at the same or higher elevation than the invert of the sewer. A smooth, neat joint shall be made and the connection of a building sewer to the lateral shall be made secure and watertight.

When connecting a building sewer to a sewer, a "U" trap must be located within two feet (2') of the end of the lateral. The end of the lateral first must be uncovered, inspected and checked for proper gradient from the improved property to the lateral before trenching operations are commenced for the building sewer.

The owner of each improved property connected to the Sewer System shall be responsible for all acts of tenants or other occupants of such improved property insofar as such acts shall be governed by the provisions of this Ordinance.

Every building sewer shall be of ductile iron or PVC sewer pipe, at least four inches (4") inside diameter, and with crushing strength and sufficient to withstand the applied trench loads. The slope of the building sewer shall not be less than one-fourth inch (1/4") per foot of length. Building sewers shall be properly bedded and covered by no less than four feet (4') of backfill.

Section 209. Rules and Regulations Governing Building Sewers and Connections to Sewers. Initial sewer service shall be installed by the Township from the sewer main to the curb line. The house connection from the curb line to the building shall be installed by the owner at said owner's sole cost and expense.

The maintenance responsibilities for the sewer service line and the house connection from the sewer main to the building shall be that of the property owner.

Where an improved property, at the time connection to a sewer is required, shall be sewered by its own sewage disposal system or device, the existing house sewer line shall be broken on the structure side of such sewage disposal system or device and attachment shall be made, with proper fittings, to continue such house sewer line as a building sewer.

No building sewer shall be covered until it has been inspected and approved by the Township. If any part of a building sewer is covered before so being inspected and approved, it shall be uncovered for inspection at the cost and expense of the owner of the improved property to be connected to a sewer.

Every building sewer of any improved property shall be maintained in a sanitary and safe operating condition by the owner of such improved property.

Every excavation for a building sewer shall be guarded adequately with barricades and lights to protect all persons from damage and injury. Streets, sidewalks and other public property disturbed in the course of installation of a building sewer shall be restored, at the sole cost and expense of the owner of the improved property being connected, in a manner satisfactory to the Township.

If any person shall fail or refuse, upon receipt of written notice from the Township, to remedy any unsatisfactory condition with respect to a building sewer, within ten (10) working days of receipt of such notice, the Township may refuse to permit such person to discharge sanitary sewage and industrial wastes into the sewer system until such satisfactory condition shall have been remedied to the satisfaction of the Township.

The Township reserves the right to adopt, from time to time, additional rules and regulations as it shall deem necessary and proper relating to connections with a sewer and the sewer system, which additional rules and regulations, to the extent appropriate, shall be, and shall be construed as, a part of this Ordinance.

Section 210. Sewer Rentals and User Charges. Sewer rentals and charges are hereby imposed upon and shall be collected from the owner of each improved property which shall be connected to the sewer system, for use of the sewer system, whether each use shall be direct or indirect, which sewer rentals and charges shall commence and shall be effective as of the date of connection of each such improved property to the sewer system.

Section 211. Computation of Sewer Rentals or Charges.

(a) <u>Metered Service</u>. Except upon special permission granted by the Township and upon good cause shown, each improved property, including industrial establishments, shall be required to have installed a sewage meter or, in lieu thereof, any other measuring device approved by the Township for the purpose of computing sewer rentals or charges hereunder.

Except as otherwise provided in this Ordinance, sewer rentals and charges for domestic waste and industrial wastes discharged into the sewer system from any improved property, including industrial establishments, shall be based upon volume of water usage, adjusted, if appropriate, as provided in this Ordinance, where the volume of water usage is metered.

Sewer rentals and charges for domestic waste and industrial wastes discharged into the sewer system from any improved property may be based upon actual metered volume of discharge, as permitted in this Ordinance.

In any of the foregoing cases, such sewer rentals and charges shall be computed in accordance with the following metered rate schedule, and shall be established by resolution of the Township, from time to time.

- (b) Non-Metered Service. Sewer rentals and charges for domestic waste and industrial wastes discharged into the sewer system from any improved property, when the volume of water usage is not metered and when the actual volume of discharge is not metered as permitted in this Ordinance, shall be computed in accordance with the Metered Rate Schedule provided herein and based upon an estimate by the Township of the sewage discharge of said improved property or billing unit.
- (c) <u>Sewer Rentals and Charges During Emergencies</u>. Where, due to emergencies caused by flood, fire or other catastrophe or season of the year, it is necessary for consumers of the Township or of sections of the Township to use unusually large amounts of water, the Township may, by resolution, direct that sewer rentals in the Township or a specified section of the Township for the quarter in which the flood, fire, season, or other catastrophe occurs shall be based upon the amount charged for water in the previous quarter or the same quarter in the previous year, provided that no customer shall be charged an amount in excess of what the charge would have been had said resolution not been enacted.

Section 212. Time and Method of Payment.

(a) Sewer rentals or charges imposed by this Ordinance shall be payable quarterly. In the case of an owner of improved property whose quarterly bill for sewer rentals or charges shall be computed in whole or in part upon the basis of water volume usage metered in connection with the operation of the water system, the quarterly billing date shall be the same date as shall be applicable for billing in connection with the water system. Such bill for sewer rentals or charges shall cover services furnished during the three (3) months immediately preceding the billing date.

In the case of an owner of improved property whose quarterly bill for sewer rentals or charges shall be computed on any basis completely independent of water volume usage metered in connection with the operation of the water system, the quarterly billing dates shall be the first days of January, April, July and October, respectively, in each year and, to the extent practicable, shall cover services furnished during the three (3) calendar months immediately preceding the billing date.

- Sewer rentals or charges shall be due and payable upon the applicable billing date as provided for in subsection (a) of this Section and the appropriate amount computed in accordance with this Ordinance shall constitute the net bill. If sewer rentals or charges are not paid within thirty (30) calendar days after each billing date, an additional sum of ten percent (10%) for every month that said charge remains unpaid shall be added to such net bill, which net bill, plus such additional sum, shall constitute the gross bill. Payment made or mailed and postmarked on or before the last day of such thirty (30) calendar day period shall constitute payment within such period. If the end of such thirty (30) calendar day period shall fall on a legal holiday or a Sunday, payment made or mailed and postmarked on the next succeeding weekday which is not a legal holiday shall constitute payment within such period.
- (c) Whenever service to any billing unit shall begin after the first day or shall terminate before the last day of any quarterly billing period, sewer rentals or charges for such period shall be prorated equitably, if appropriate, for that portion of the quarterly billing period during which such billing unit was served by the sewer system.
- (d) Every owner of improved property which is connected to the sewer system initially shall provide the Township with and thereafter shall keep the Township advised of his correct address. Failure of any person to receive quarterly bills for sewer rentals or charges shall not be considered an excuse for nonpayment nor shall such failure result in an extension of the period of time during which such bill shall be payable without penalty.

Section 213. Liens for Fees, Charges, Rentals and Connections. The fees for connection, extraordinary maintenance charge, tapping fee, rental, or any other charge adopted pursuant to this Ordinance shall be liens on the improved property connected to and served by the POTW from the date such fee, rental or charge becomes due and payable and all sewer rentals, charges or fees imposed which shall not be paid within sixty (60) days after the same become due and payable shall be entered as liens against the improved property so connected to and served by the POTW, which liens shall be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of Berks County, Pennsylvania, in a manner provided by law for the filing of Municipal claims. All delinquent bills shall be collected by the Township in any manner permitted and authorized by law.

ARTICLE 3.

USE OF WORKS, DISCHARGES AND STANDARDS

Section 301. Use of Treatment Works.

- (a) All domestic waste and authorized industrial waste may be discharged into the treatment works except those which are deemed harmful to the system, or are specifically prohibited by this Article 3 or are otherwise prohibited under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- (b) All connections to the treatment works which would result in the discharge of infiltration or inflow into such system are hereby specifically prohibited.

Section 302. Prohibited Discharges.

- (a) No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any storm water, surface water, ground water, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, uncontaminated cooling water or unpolluted industrial process waters to the POTW. Where existing surface water or roof drains are connected to the treatment works they shall be removed within ninety (90) days of receipt of a notice from the Township to remove such connections. In the event such connection is not removed, the Township shall cause such connection to be removed at the owner's expense.
- (b) No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged into the POTW the effluent from any sump pump or any other type of pump which pumps any storm water, surface water, ground water, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, basement drainage, uncontaminated cooling water or unpolluted industrial process waters into any sanitary sewer. Where such conditions exist, they shall be remedied in a manner approved by the municipality within ninety (90) days of receipt of a notice from the Township. In the event any such condition is not remedied, the Township shall cause such condition to be remedied at the owner's expense.
- (c) The Township shall have the power to require the installation of grease separators in building sewers serving hotels, restaurants and other facilities likely, in the judgment of the Township, to discharge significant quantities of oil and grease into the POTW.
- (d) Except as otherwise provided, no person shall discharge or cause to be discharged into the POTW any domestic waste, industrial waste or other matter or substance:

- (1) containing more than one hundred (100) Mg/L by weight of fats, oils or greases;
- (2) containing any flammable or explosive liquids, solids or gases, including but not limited to: gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil, paint products, acid, base, gasoline, kerosene, toluene, xylene, ethers, alcohols, ketones, aldehydes, peroxides, chlorates, perchlorates, bromates, carbides, hydrides, sulfides, phenols, cyanide or arsenic;
- (3) containing any noxious or malodorous gas or substance, which either singly or by interaction with other wastes, is capable of creating a public nuisance or hazard to life or preventing entry into sewers for their maintenance and repair;
- (4) containing garbage that has not been ground to such a degree that all particles shall be carried freely in suspension under flow conditions normally prevailing in the public sewers;
- (5) containing any solid or viscous substance in quantities or of size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers, or other interference with the proper operation of the POTW. Such substances include but are not to ashes, cinders, sand, mud, limited shavings, metal, glass, bones, rags, feathers, tar, plastic, wood, paunch manure, butchers offal, whole blood, bentonite, lye, building materials, rubber, hair, leather, porcelain, china, ceramic wastes, asphalt, paint, waxes or any other solids or viscous substances capable of causing obstruction to the flow in the sewer system or other interference with the proper operation of the sewer system or the POTW;
- (6) having a pH, stabilized, lower than six (6.0) or higher than nine and five-tenths (9.5) or having any corrosive or scale forming property capable of causing damage or hazards to structures, equipment, bacterial action or personnel of the sewer system or the POTW;
- (7) containing a toxic or poisonous substance in sufficient quantity to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, to constitute a hazard to humans or animals or to create any hazard in the receiving stream of the POTW; limiting the Mg/L of the following ions in the discharges into the sanitary sewer system as follows:

POLLUTANT - TOTAL CONCENTRATE (Mq/L)

Cadmium Chromium Copper Cyanide Lead	0.03 0.76 0.61 0.58 0.70	
Mercury	0.70	
Nickel	0.38	
Silver		1.64
Zinc	0.46	
Phenol	0.50	
Arsenic	0.70	
Beryllium	1.00	
Selenium	1.00	
Chloroform		0.02
Tin Iron Bisulfite	2.00 5.00 0.50	
Bisuilite	0.50	

- (8) containing total solids of such character and quantity that unusual attention or expense is required to handle such materials at the POTW, except as may be approved by the Township, or as otherwise provided herein;
- (9) containing color from any source that when diluted with distilled water 1:10 shall have a luminescence of ninety percent (90%) or better and a purity of ten percent (10%) or less, at its dominant wave length by the tristimulus method; and any wastewater with objectionable color not removed in the treatment process;
- (10) having a chlorine demand in excess of twelve
 (12) Mg/L;
- (11) containing wastes which are not amenable to biological treatment or reduction in existing treatment facilities, specifically non-biodegradable complex carbon compounds;
- (12) any substance which may cause the POTW's effluent or any other product of the POTW, such as residues, sludges, or scums, to be unsuitable for reclamation and reuse or to interfere with the reclamation process. In no case shall a substance discharged to the POTW cause the POTW to be in non-compliance with sludge use or disposal criteria, guidelines or regulations developed under Section 405 of the Act, any criteria, guidelines, or regulations affecting sludge use or disposal developed pursuant to the Solid Waste Disposal Act, the Clean Air Act, the

Toxic Substances Control Act, or any State criteria applicable to the sludge management method being used;

- (13) any substance which will cause the POTW to violate its NPDES and/or State Disposal System Permit or the receiving water quality standards;
- (14) any wastewater having a temperature which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW treatment plant resulting in Interference, but in no case wastewater with a temperature at the introduction into the POTW which is higher than 40°C (104°F) or lower than 0°C (32°F) unless the POTW treatment plant is designed to accommodate such temperature;
- (15) any pollutants, including oxygen demanding pollutants (BOD, etc.), released at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which a user knows or has reason to know will cause Interference to the POTW. In no case shall a slug load have a flow rate or contain concentration or qualities of pollutants that exceed for any time period longer than fifteen (15) minutes more than five (5) times the average twenty-four (24) hour concentration, quantities or flow during normal operation;
- (16) Any wastewater containing any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established by the Township in compliance with applicable State or Federal regulations;
- (17) any wastewater which causes a hazard to human life or creates a public nuisance; or
- (18) any wastewater containing any radioactive wastes or isotopes.

When the Township determines that a User(s) is contributing to the POTW any of the above enumerated substances in such amounts as to interfere with the operation of the POTW, the Township shall: (1) advise the User(s) of the impact of the contribution on the POTW; and (2) develop effluent limitation(s) for such User to correct the Interference with the POTW.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing any special agreement or arrangement between the Township and any user of the treatment works whereby wastewater of unusual strength or character is accepted into the POTW; provided, however, that nothing in this Section shall be construed as a waiver of the federal categorical pretreatment standards in effect as of the date of this Ordinance.

(f) The Township or its designee shall have the right to inspect any building sewer, lateral or collecting sewer that discharges wastewater directly or indirectly into the POTW to determine compliance with this Ordinance.

Section 303. Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards. Upon the promulgation of the Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards for a particular industrial subcategory, the Federal Standards, if more stringent than limitations imposed under this Ordinance for sources in that subcategory, shall immediately supersede the limitations imposed under this Ordinance. The Township shall notify all affected users of the applicable reporting requirements under 40 CFR, Section 403.12.

Section 304. Modification of Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards. When the POTW achieves consistent removal of pollutants limited by Federal Pretreatment Standards, the Township may apply to the Approval Authority for modification of specific limits in the Federal Pretreatment Standards. "Consistent Removal" shall mean reduction in the amount of a pollutant or alteration of the nature of the pollutant by the wastewater treatment system to a less toxic or harmless state in the effluent which is achieved by the system in ninety-five percent (95%) of the samples taken when measured according to the procedures set forth in 403.7(c)(2) of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 403 - "General Pretreatment Regulations for Existing and New Sources of Pollution" promulgated pursuant to the Act. Township may then modify pollutant discharge limits in the Federal Pretreatment Standards if the requirements contained in 40 CFR, Part 403, Section 403.7, are fulfilled and prior approval from the Approval Authority is obtained.

<u>Section 305.</u> State Requirements. State requirements and limitations on discharges shall apply in any case where they are more stringent than Federal requirements and limitations or those in this Ordinance.

Section 306. Excessive Discharges. No User shall ever increase the use of process water or, in any way, attempt to dilute a discharge as a partial or complete substitute for adequate treatment to achieve compliance with the limitations contained in the Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards, or in any other pollutant-specific limitation developed by the Township or State.

Section 307. Accidental Discharges. Each User shall provide protection from accidental discharge of prohibited materials or other substances regulated by this Ordinance. Facilities to prevent accidental discharge of prohibited materials shall be provided and maintained at the owner's or user's sole cost and expense. Detailed plans showing facilities and operating procedures to provide this protection shall be submitted to the Township for review and shall be approved by the Township before construction of

the facility. No user who commences contribution to the POTW after the effective date of this Ordinance shall be permitted to introduce pollutants into the system until accidental discharge procedures have been approved by the Township. Review and approval of such plans and operating procedures shall not relieve the industrial user from the responsibility to modify the user's facility as necessary to meet the requirements of this Ordinance. In the case of an accidental discharge, it is the responsibility of the user to immediately telephone and notify the POTW of the incident. The notification shall include location of discharge, type of waste, concentration and volume of waste, and corrective actions.

Section 308. Written Notice. Within five (5) days following an accidental discharge, the User shall submit to the Township a detailed written report describing the cause of the discharge and the measures to be taken by the User to prevent similar future occurrences. Such notification shall not relieve the user of any expense, loss, damage, or other liability which may be incurred as a result of damage to the POTW, fish kills or any other damage to person or property; nor shall such notification relieve the User of any fines, civil penalties or other liabilities which may be imposed by this Ordinance or by other applicable law.

Section 309. Notice to Employees. A notice shall be permanently posted on the User's bulletin board or other prominent place advising employees who to call in the event of a dangerous discharge. Employers shall insure that all employees who may cause or suffer such a dangerous discharge to occur are advised of the emergency notification procedure.

ARTICLE 4.

INDUSTRIAL WASTES

Section 401. Acceptance and Treatment Policy. The economy and desirability of the combined treatment of industrial wastes and domestic wastes are recognized; however, not all types of industrial wastes can be so treated. Hence, it shall be the established policy of the Township to accept those types and quantities of industrial wastes which are not harmful or damaging to the structures, processes or operation of the sewer system and/or sewage treatment works or are not specifically prohibited by this Article 4.

Section 402. Recovery of Costs from Users/Charges and Fees.

(a) It is the purpose of this Section to provide for the recovery of costs from Users of the POTW for the implementation of the program established herein. The

applicable charges or fees shall be set forth in the Schedule of Charges and Fees.

- (b) <u>Charges and Fees</u>. The Township may adopt charges and fees which may include:
 - (1) fees for reimbursement of costs of setting up and operating the Pretreatment Program;
 - (2) fees for monitoring, inspections and surveillance procedures;
 - (3) fees for reviewing accidental discharge procedures and construction;
 - (4) fees for permit applications;
 - (5) fees for filing appeals;
 - (6) fees for consistent removal of pollutants otherwise subject to Federal Pretreatment Standards; and
 - (7) other fees as the Township may deem necessary to carry out the requirements contained herein.

These fees relate solely to the matters covered by this Ordinance and are separate from all other fees chargeable by the Township.

Section 403. Approval Required for Industrial Wastes. The discharge into the POTW of industrial wastes having any one or more of the following characteristics shall be subject to prior review and approval by the Township.

- (a) a 5-day BOD₅ greater than 250 MG/L;
- (b) a suspended solids content greater than 350 Mg/L;
- (c) a dissolved solids content greater than 500 Mg/L;
- (d) a C.O.D. content greater than 250 Mg/L;
- (e) a chlorine demand greater than 12 Mg/L;
- (f) an average daily flow greater than five percent (5%) of the average daily sewage flow of the treatment works;
- (g) any quantity of substances possessing characteristics described in Article 3 or Article 5; or

(h) having been discharged from an industrial user as defined in Section 101. The approval of the Township shall be called an Industrial Waste Discharge Permit.

It shall be unlawful to discharge without a permit to any natural outlet within the Township or in any area under the jurisdiction of said Township and/or to the POTW any wastewater except as authorized by the Township in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.

Section 404. Industrial Waste Discharge Permit. All significant users proposing to connect to or to contribute to the POTW shall obtain a Wastewater Discharge Permit before connecting to or contributing to the POTW.

Users required to obtain a Wastewater Contribution Permit shall complete and file with the Township an application in the form prescribed by the Township and accompanied by a fee of Five Hundred and 00/100 Dollars (\$500.00) payable to the Township. Users shall apply at least one hundred twenty (120) days prior to connecting to or contributing to the POTW. In support of the application, the user shall submit, in units and terms appropriate for evaluation, the following information:

- (a) Names, address, and location (if different from the address);
- (b) SIC number according to the current Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Bureau of the Budget, 1972, as amended:
- (c) Wastewater constituents and characteristics including but not limited to those mentioned in Section 302 of this Ordinance as determined by a reliable analytical laboratory; sampling and analysis shall be performed in accordance with procedures established by the EPA pursuant to Section 304(g) of the Act and contained in 40 CFR, Part 136, as amended;
 - (d) Time and duration of contribution;
- (e) Average daily and thirty (30) minute peak wastewater flow rates, including daily, monthly and seasonable variations, if any;
- (f) Site plans, floor plans, mechanical and plumbing plans and details to show all sewers, sewer connections, and appurtenances by the size, location and elevations, as applicable to secure adequate samples;

- (g) Description of activities, facilities and plant processes on the premises including all materials which are or could be discharged;
- (h) Where known, the nature and concentration of any pollutants in the discharge which are limited by any Authority, Borough, Township, State, or Federal Pretreatment Standards, and a statement regarding whether or not the pretreatment standards are being met on a consistent basis and, if not, whether additional Operation and Maintenance (O&M) and/or additional pretreatment is required for the User to meet applicable Pretreatment Standards;
- (i) If additional pretreatment and/or O&M will be required to meet the Pretreatment Standards, the shortest schedule by which the User will provide such additional pretreatment. The completion date in this schedule shall not be later than the compliance date established for the applicable Pretreatment Standard.

The following conditions shall apply to this schedule:

- (1) The schedule shall contain increments of progress in the form of dates for the commencement and completion of major events leading to the construction and operation of additional pretreatment required for the User to meet the applicable Pretreatment Standards (e.g., hiring an engineer, completing preliminary plans, completing final plans, executing contract for major components, commencing construction, completing construction, etc.).
- (2) No increment referred to in subsection paragraph (i)(1) above shall exceed six (6) months.
- (3) Not later than seven (7) days following each date in the schedule and the final date for compliance, the user shall submit a progress report to the Township including, as a minimum, whether or not it complied with the increment of progress to be met on such date and, if not, the date on which it expects to comply with this increment of progress, the reason for delay, and the steps being taken by the User to return the construction to the schedule established. In no event shall more than eight (8) months elapse between such progress reports to the Township.
- (j) Each product produced by type, amount, process or processes and rate of production;
- (k) Type and amount of raw materials processed (average and maximum per day);

- (1) Number and type of employees, hours of operation of plant and proposed or actual hours of operation of pretreatment system; and
- (m) Any other information as may be deemed by the Township to be necessary to evaluate the permit application.
- (n) Notwithstanding any of the limitations and provisions set forth in this Ordinance, the Township is authorized to insert more stringent standards into any specific industrial waste discharge permit in the event that such standards are necessary in the Borough's discretion to insure proper operation of its sewer system and compliance with all Federal and State rules and regulations which may be promulgated from time to time.

The Township will evaluate the data furnished by the user and may require additional information. After evaluation and acceptance of the data furnished, the Township may issue a Wastewater Contribution Permit subject to terms and conditions provided herein.

Section 405. Permit Modifications. Within eight (8) months of the promulgation of a National Categorical Pretreatment Standard, the Wastewater Contribution Permit of Users subject to such standards shall be revised to require compliance with such standard within the time frame prescribed by such standard. Where a User, subject to a National Categorical Pretreatment Standard, has not previously submitted an application for a Wastewater Contribution Permit as required by 416.04, the User shall apply for a Wastewater Contribution permit within one hundred fifty (150) days after the promulgation of the Applicable National Categorical Pretreatment Standard. In addition, the User with an existing Wastewater Contribution Permit shall submit to the Township within one hundred fifty (150) days after the promulgation of an Federal applicable Categorical Pretreatment Standard information required by paragraph (8) and (9) of Section 449.04(c).

Section 406. Permit Conditions. Wastewater Discharge Permits shall be expressly subject to all provisions of this Ordinance and all other applicable regulations, user charges and fees established by the Township. Permits may contain the following:

- (a) the unit charge or schedule of user charges and fees for the wastewater to be discharged to a community sewer;
- (b) limits on the average and maximum wastewater constituents and characteristics;
- (c) limits on average and maximum rate and time of discharge or requirements for flow regulations and equalization;

- (d) requirements for installation and maintenance of inspection and sampling facilities;
- (e) specifications for monitoring programs which may include sampling locations, frequency of sampling, number, types and standards for test and reporting schedule;
 - (f) compliance schedules;
- (g) requirements for submission of technical reports or discharge reports;
- (h) requirements for maintaining and retaining plant records relating to wastewater discharge as specified by the Township, and affording the Township access thereto;
- (i) requirements for notification to the Township of any new introduction of wastewater constituents or any substantial change in the volume or character of the wastewater constituents being introduced into the wastewater treatment system;
- (j) requirements for notification of slug discharges; and
- (k) other conditions as deemed appropriate by the Township to ensure compliance with this Ordinance.

Section 407. Permit Duration. Permits shall be issued for a specified time period, not to exceed three (3) years. A permit may be issued for a period less than one (1) year or may be stated to expire on a specific date. The user shall apply for permit reissuance a minimum of one hundred fifty (150) days prior to the expiration of the user's existing permit. The terms and conditions of the permit may be subject to modification by the Township during the term of the permit as limitations or requirements are modified or other just cause exists. The User shall be informed of any proposed changes in his permit at least thirty (30) days prior to the effective date of change. Any changes or new conditions in the permit shall include a reasonable time schedule for compliance.

Section 408. Permit Transfer. Wastewater Discharge Permits are issued to a specific User for a specific operation. A wastewater discharge permit shall not be reassigned, transferred or sold to a new owner, new User, different premises, or a new or changed operation without the approval of the Township. Any succeeding owner or User shall also comply with the terms and conditions of the existing permit.

134

Section 409. Reporting Requirements for Permittee.

(a) Compliance Date Report. Within seventy-five (75) days following the date for final compliance with applicable Pretreatment Standards or, in the case of a New Source, following commencement of the introduction of wastewater into the POTW, any User subject to Pretreatment Standards and Requirements shall submit to the Township a report indicating the nature and concentration of all pollutants in the discharge from the regulated process which are limited by Pretreatment Standards and Requirements and the average and maximum daily flow for these process units in the User facility which are limited by such Pretreatment Standards or Requirements. The report shall state whether the applicable Pretreatment Standards or Requirements are being met on a consistent basis and, if not, what additional O&M and/or pretreatment is necessary to bring the User into compliance with the applicable Pretreatment Standards or Requirements. This statement shall be signed by an authorized representative of the Industrial User, and certified to by a qualified professional.

(b) Periodic Compliance Reports.

- (1) Any User subject to a Pretreatment Standard, after the compliance date of such Pretreatment Standard, or, in the case of a New Source, after commencement of the discharge into the POTW, shall submit to the Township during the months of June and December, unless required more frequently in the Pretreatment Standard or by the Township, a report indicating the concentration of pollutants in the effluent which are limited by such Pretreatment Standards. In addition, this report shall include a record of all daily flows which during the reporting period exceeded the average daily flow reported in this section. At the discretion of the Township and in consideration of such factors as local high or low flow rates, holidays, budget cycles, etc., the Township may agree to alter the months during which the above reports are to be submitted.
- (2) The Township may impose mass limitations on Users which are using dilution to meet applicable Pretreatment Standards or Requirements, or in other cases where the imposition of mass limitations are appropriate. In such cases, the report required by subsection (b)(1) of this section indicate the mass of pollutants regulated by Pretreatment Standards in the effluent of the User. These reports shall contain the results of sampling and analysis of the discharge, including the flow and the nature and concentration, or production and mass where requested by the Township, of pollutants contained

therein which are limited by the applicable Pretreatment Standards. The frequency of monitoring shall be prescribed in the applicable Pretreatment Standard. All analyses shall be performed in accordance with procedures established by the Administrator pursuant to Section 304(g) of the Act and contained in 40 CFR, Part 136 and amendments thereto or with any other test procedures approved by the Administrator.

Sampling shall be performed in accordance with the techniques approved by the Administrator.

Where 40 CFR, Part 136 does not include a sampling or analytical technique for the pollutant in question, sampling and analysis shall be performed in accordance with the procedures set forth in the EPA publication, Sampling and Analysis Procedures for Screening of Industrial Effluents for Priority Pollutants, April, 1977, and amendments thereto, or with any other sampling and analytical procedures approved by the Administrator.

Section 410. Monitoring Facilities. The Township shall require to be provided and operated at the User's own expense, monitoring facilities to allow inspection, sampling and flow measurement of the building sewer and/or internal drainage systems. The monitoring facility should normally be situated on the User's premises, but the Township may, when such a location would be impractical or cause undue hardship on the User, allow the facility to be constructed in the public street or sidewalk area and located so that it will not be obstructed by landscaping or parked vehicles.

There shall be ample room in or near such sampling manhole or facility to allow accurate sampling and preparation of samples for analysis. The facility, sampling and measuring equipment shall be maintained at all times in a safe and proper operating condition at the expense of the User.

Whether constructed on public or private property, the sampling and monitoring facilities shall be provided in accordance with the Township's requirements and all applicable local construction standards and specifications. Construction shall be completed within ninety (90) days following written notification by the Township.

Section 411. Inspection and Sampling. The Township shall inspect the facilities of any User to ascertain whether the purpose of this Ordinance is being met and all requirements are being complied with. Persons or occupants of premises where wastewater is created or discharged shall allow the Township or its representatives ready access at all reasonable times to all parts of the premises for the purposes of inspection, sampling, records

examination or in the performance of any of their duties. The Township, State and EPA shall have the right to set up on the User's property such devices as are necessary to conduct sampling inspection, compliance monitoring and/or metering operations. Where a User has security measures in force which would require proper identification and clearance before entry into its premises, the User shall make necessary arrangements with its security guards so that upon presentation of suitable identification, personnel from the Township, State and EPA will be permitted to enter, without delay, for the purposes of performing their specific responsibilities.

Section 412. Pretreatment and Preliminary Treatment of trial Wastes. Users shall provide necessary wastewater <u>Industrial Wastes</u>. treatment as required to comply with this Ordinance and shall achieve compliance with all Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards within the time limitations as specified by the Federal Any facilities required to pretreat Pretreatment Regulations. wastewater to a level acceptable to the Township shall be provided, operated and maintained at the User's expense. Detailed plans showing the pretreatment facilities and operating procedures shall be submitted to the Township for review and shall be acceptable to the Township before construction of the facility. The review of such plans and operating procedures will in no way relieve the user from the responsibility of modifying the facility as necessary to produce an effluent acceptable to the Township under the provisions of this Ordinance. Any subsequent changes in the pretreatment facilities or method of operation shall be reported to and be acceptable to the Township prior to the User's initiation of the changes.

The Township shall comply with the public participation requirements of 40 CFR Part 25 in the enforcement of National These procedures shall include provision Pretreatment Standards. for at least annually providing public notification, in the largest daily newspaper published in the Township in which the POTW is located, of Industrial Users which, during the previous twelve (12) months, were significantly violating applicable Pretreatment Standards or other Pretreatment Requirements. For the purposes of this provision, a significant violation is a violation: which remains uncorrected forty-five (45) days after notification of noncompliance; which is part of a pattern of noncompliance over a twelve month period; which involves a failure to accurately report noncompliance; or which resulted in the POTW exercising its emergency authority under Federal Rules and Regulations Section 403.8(f)(l)(iv)(B), which states: A POTW Pretreatment Program shall require the submission of all notices and self-monitoring reports from Industrial Users as are necessary to assess and assure compliance by Industrial Users with Pretreatment Standards and Requirements.

All records relating to compliance with Pretreatment Standards shall be made available to officials of the EPA or State upon request.

Section 413. Confidential Information. Information and data on a User obtained from reports, questionnaires, permit applications, permits and monitoring programs and from inspections shall be available to the public or other governmental agencies as provided by law.

When requested by the person furnishing a report, the portions of a report which might disclose trade secrets or secret processes shall not be made available for inspection by the public, but shall be made available upon written request to governmental agencies for uses related to this Ordinance, the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit, State Disposal System permit and/or the Pretreatment Programs; provided, however, that such portions of a report shall be available for use by the State or any State agency in judicial review or enforcement proceedings furnishing the involving the person report. Wastewater constituents and characteristics will not be recognized as confidential information.

Information accepted by the Township as confidential shall not be transmitted to any governmental agency or to the general public by the Township or the Authority until and unless a ten (10) day notification is given to the User.

ARTICLE 5.

DETERMINATION OF CHARGES FOR INDUSTRIAL WASTE SURCHARGES

Section 501. Industrial Waste Surcharges. There shall be additional charges for industrial wastes having concentrations of BOD, suspended solids, and dissolved solids in excess of the average concentration of these pollutants in normal domestic waste. Normal domestic waste shall be considered as having the following concentrations:

- (a) BOD 250 Mg/L
- (b) suspended solids 350 Mg/L
- (c) Dissolved solids 500 Mg/L

Section 502. Surcharge Formula. In order to determine the additional charge for industrial wastes with strength greater than that of domestic waste, the following formula shall be used:

$$S_Q = 0.00834 Q_I [(BOD_I - 250) TC_{BOD} + (SS_I - 350) TC_{SS} (DS_I - 500) TC_{DS}]$$

Where:

- (a) S_Q is the quarterly surcharge to be added to the normal sewer rent.
- (b) 0.00834 is a constant to convert waste concentrations expressed in Mg/L to thousands of pounds of waste.
- (c) $Q_{\rm I}$ is the quarterly industrial waste flow expressed in million of gallons.
- (d) BOD_I , SS_I , and DS_I are the respective concentrations of BOD_5 , suspended solids and dissolved solids of the industrial waste expressed in Mg/L.
- (e) 250, 350, and 500 are constants which express the waste load concentrations in Mg/L for normal domestic wastes.
- (f) TCBOD is the treatment cost incurred by the Township as updated annually per 1,000 pounds of BOD.
- (g) ${\rm TC}_{\rm SS}$ is the treatment cost incurred by the Township as updated annually per 1,000 pounds of suspended solids.
- (h) TC_{DS} is the treatment cost incurred by the Township as updated annually per 1,000 pounds of dissolved solids.

When a value of BOD, suspended solids and/or dissolved solids is less than the maximum allowable concentration set forth in the Industrial Waste Surcharge Formula, then the maximum allowable concentration shall be used in the calculation of the industrial waste surcharge.

Section 503. Additional Surcharges. The formula specified in Section 502 hereof is to determine additional charges or surcharges for the treatment of industrial wastes having concentrations of BOD, suspended solids, and dissolved solids in excess of those of domestic waste. It is, however, recognized that the discharge of any waste or other matter which contains any one or more of the prohibited substances listed Article 4 may in result extraordinary laboratory, labor, maintenance and/or treatment expenses to the Township. Hence, in the event of the discharge of any industrial waste or other matter or substance containing any one of the prohibited substances listed in Section 302, the Township shall have the power to bill the owner of the property from which such discharge is made an additional surcharge of Four Hundred and 00/100 Dollars (\$400.00). Each day that such discharge is made shall result in a separate additional surcharge of Four Hundred and 00/100 Dollars (\$400.00). These charges shall be in addition to the normal sewer rental and/or any industrial waste surcharge as incurred under Section 502 hereof.

Section 504. Methods of Payment of Extra Charges by Industrial Users. The industrial waste surcharge shall be payable quarterly. The Township shall cause the water meter of each industrial user where the wastewater flow determination is based upon metered water consumption, and the wastewater meter where the wastewater flow determination is based upon wastewater flow measurement, to be read on a quarterly basis, and the Township shall cause industrial waste surcharge bills to be mailed forthwith following each reading.

- (a) The Township shall cause periodic sampling of the wastewater discharged by each industrial user in accordance with Article 6 hereof.
- (b) Bills for industrial waste surcharge shall be mailed to the owner's address specified on the Industrial Waste Permit. Failure to receive a bill as a result of incorrect address or otherwise shall not excuse nonpayment of charges or extend the time for payment.

Section 505. Discontinuance of Use. If an industrial user discontinues use of the treatment works, its payment for industrial waste surcharges shall cease.

Section 506. Administrative Appeal Procedure; Hearing Board. Industrial users may appeal the reasonableness of the allocations and industrial waste surcharge assessments imposed upon them. Industrial users making such an appeal shall so notify the Township in writing. The Township Board of Supervisors shall conduct an administrative hearing. The industrial user shall be given the opportunity to present evidence and testimony before the Board supporting its appeal.

The hearing will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Pennsylvania Local Agency Law.

Section 507. Measurement of Concentration and Volume of Industrial Waste.

(a) <u>Industrial Waste Sampling</u>. Industrial wastes being discharged into the sewer system shall be subject to sampling and inspection to be used as a basis for determining additional charges due to excessive concentrations of BOD, suspended solids and/or substances prohibited in Article 3. Such sampling and inspection shall be made by the Township as frequently as may be deemed necessary. The analysis of the sample so obtained shall be the basis for computing additional charges in accordance with this Article 5. The cost of such sampling (but not testing thereof) shall be borne by the Township. The cost of testing said sample shall be borne by the User.

The industry may request that samples be taken in addition to the samples taken by the Township. The cost of making this collection and analysis shall be borne by the owner.

Samples and the analysis of samples obtained shall be made in accordance with the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Sewage" published by the American Public Health Association.

(b) <u>Control Manhole</u>. When required by the Township, the owner of any property discharging industrial waste into the sewer system shall install a suitable control manhole together with such necessary meters and other appurtenances in the building sewer to facilitate observation, sampling and measurement of the waste. Such manhole, when required, shall be accessible and safely located and shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Township. The manhole shall be installed by the property owner, at his sole expense, and shall be maintained by said property owner so as to be safe and accessible at all times.

The Township and/or their duly authorized representatives shall be permitted to enter upon all properties for the purpose of inspection, observation, measurement, sampling and testing in accordance with the provisions of this Article 5.

Section 508. Measurement of Volume of Industrial Wastes.

- (a) Whenever a person purchasing his entire water supply from a water purveyor discharges only industrial waste into the sewer system, the volume of the water purchased may be used as a measure of the quantity of industrial waste discharged.
- (b) Whenever a person purchasing his entire water supply from a water purveyor discharges combined domestic waste and industrial waste into the sewer system, the volume of water purchased chargeable as industrial waste shall be the total volume of water purchased less the volume determined to be domestic waste. The domestic waste shall be determined by the Township in either of the following two (2) ways:
 - (1) actual measured flow; or
 - (2) by multiplying the average number of employees in the establishment during the preceding billing period by ten (10) gallons per day.
- (c) Whenever a person purchasing his entire water supply from a water purveyor and discharging industrial waste into the sewer system also discharges unpolluted cooling water to

either a separate storm sewer or other outlet, an allowance for the amount of water so discharged shall be made in computing the sewer charges. The person so discharging cooling water shall, at his own expense, install a meter or meters, as required, to indicate accurately and to the satisfaction of the Township the amount of water claimed as a credit.

(d) Whenever a person using a private water supply discharges industrial wastes into the sewer system, the charges for such discharge shall be in accordance with this Article 5. Such person, however, shall install at his expense a suitable meter or meters, as may be required by the Township, to measure the total volume of water used in the industrial plant, or shall install, at his expense, a meter on the sewer line leaving the plant so as to measure the entire flow of waste discharged into the sewer system. No meter for measurement either of the water or sewage shall be installed, until a plan for such installation is submitted to the Township and approved as satisfactory.

All meters or other measuring devices installed or required to be used under the provisions of this Article 5 shall be tested, inspected or repaired as required by the Township. The owner of the property upon which such measuring device is installed shall be responsible for its maintenance and safekeeping, and all repairs thereto shall be made at the property owner's expense. In the event of meter failure or malfunction, the owner shall notify the Township during the same working day. If the Township determines the meter is not working properly, the owner will be responsible to replace or repair the meter within seven (7) working days. Failure to replace or repair the meter within seven (7) working days permits the Township to do so at the owner's expense.

(e) The Township shall be responsible for the reading of water and/or sewage meters when installed in industrial establishments within its jurisdiction. All meters shall be installed at a location approved by the Township. All meters shall be accessible to the Township at all times.

Section 509. Access. The Township shall have the right of access to any part of any improved property served by the POTW as shall be required for purposes of inspection, measurement, sampling and testing and for performance of other functions relating to service rendered by the Township through the POTW.

ARTICLE 6.

5011 /

DETERMINATION OF CHARGES FOR INDUSTRIAL WASTE COST RECOVERY

Section 601. Industrial Cost Recovery. In accordance with the requirements of Public Law 92-500, each Industrial User of the treatment works shall pay an equitable share of the Federal capital grant amount used for construction of the sewage treatment works.

Industrial User. An Industrial User nongovernmental user, existing or future, of publicly owned works identified in treatment the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972, Office of Management and Budget, as amended and supplemented, under the following divisions: Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; Mining; Manufacturing; Transportation; Communications; Electric, Gas and Sanitary Services; and Services. A user in the divisions listed may be excluded if it is determined that it will introduce primarily domestic segregated wastes orwastes from conveniences.

Section 602. Computation of Industrial Cost Recovery Payment. The Industrial User's share shall be based on three (3) factors: average daily flow, BOD and suspended solids.

(a) The flow portion of the payment shall be calculated as follows:

A = (Industry's annual flow in gallons) x \$644.24

365 x 1000

(cubic feet x 7.48 = gallons)

(b) The BOD portion of the payment shall be calculated as follows:

 $B = (BOD \text{ of waste in pounds per day}) \times 96.64

(milligrams per liter x 8.34 x average flow in million gallons per day - pounds per day)

(c) The suspended solids portion of the payment shall be calculated as follows:

C =(suspended solids of waste in pounds per day) x \$31.89

(d) The total annual industrial cost recovery payment shall be the sum of A, B and C as calculated above divided by 30.

Section 603. Industrial Classification. Any Industrial User shall be classified as a major industry if its annual water consumption exceeds three hundred sixty-five thousand (365,000) cubic feet per year (7,480 gallons per day) or if, based on records of past operation or periodic sampling by the Township, its BOD concentration exceeds two hundred fifty (250) Mg/L or its suspended solids concentration exceeds three hundred fifty (350) Mg/L. All other industries shall be classified as minor industries.

Section 604. Industrial Waste Sampling. For the purpose of Industrial Cost Recovery calculations, the industrial waste of each minor industry shall be assumed to have a BOD concentration of two hundred fifty (250) Mg/L and a suspended solids concentration of three hundred fifty (350) Mg/L.

If the sampling and analysis of industrial waste results in an industrial cost recovery payment less than that of a minor industry having the same flow (e.g. BOD concentration less than two hundred fifty (250) Mg/L and suspended solids concentration less than three hundred fifty (350) Mg/L), then the cost of the sampling and analysis shall be added to the industrial cost recovery payment amount. If the sampling and analysis of industrial waste results in an industrial cost recovery payment more than that of a minor industry having the same flow (e.g. BOD concentration more than two hundred fifty (250) Mg/L and suspended solids concentration more than three hundred fifty (350) Mg/L, then the cost of the sampling and analysis shall be deducted from the industrial cost recovery payment amount.

Section 605. Repayment Period. The Industrial Cost Recovery period shall start January 1, 1977 and continue for a period of thirty (30) years. The industrial cost recovery payment shall be due and payable ninety (90) days after the end of each calendar year. Any Industrial User who connects to or begins discharging to the Sewer System after the beginning of the Industrial Cost Recovery Period shall be subject to the industrial cost recovery payment beginning on the date use is initiated and continuing until the end of the industrial cost recovery period (December 31, 2007) or until the date use is terminated whichever occurs first.

Section 606. Right of Appeal. If any industrial user feels that its industrial cost recovery payment is unfair, the industrial user has the right to request that the Township sample and analyze its industrial waste for BOD concentration and suspended solids concentration provided the request is made in writing and prior to the due date of the payment.

The Industrial User also has the right to request a hearing with the Township regarding the reasonableness of the cost allocations and to review the Township's Industrial Cost Recovery records provided the request is made in writing. The hearing will be held in accordance with the Pennsylvania Local Agency Law.

ARTICLE 7.

ADOPTION OF ADDITIONAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

The Township shall have the right to adopt, from time to time, such additional rules and regulations as it shall deem necessary and proper in connection with the use and operation of the treatment works in order to carry out the intent of this Ordinance, which rules and regulations shall become effective as though set forth herein.

ARTICLE 8.

ENFORCEMENT

Section 801. Harmful Contributions. The Township may suspend the wastewater treatment service and/or a Wastewater Contribution Permit when such suspension is necessary, in the opinion of the Township, in order to stop an actual or threatened discharge which presents or may present an imminent or substantial endangerment to the health or welfare of persons or to the environment or which causes Interference to the POTW or causes the Township to violate any condition of the Borough's NPDES Permit or violation of this Ordinance and related regulations of the Borough or the Township.

Any person notified of a suspension of the wastewater treatment service and/or the Wastewater Contribution Permit shall immediately stop or eliminate the contribution. In the event of a failure of the person to comply voluntarily with the suspension order, the Township shall take such steps as deemed necessary, including immediate severance of the sewer connection, to prevent or minimize damage to the POTW system or endangerment to any The Township shall reinstate the Wastewater individuals. Contribution Permit and/or the wastewater treatment service upon proof of the elimination of the non-complying discharge. A detailed written statement submitted by the User describing the causes of the harmful contribution and the measures taken to prevent any future occurrence shall be submitted to the Township within five (5) days of the date of occurrence.

Section 802. Revocation of Permit. Any User who violates the following conditions of this Ordinance or applicable state and federal regulations is subject to possible revocation of his permit in accordance with the procedures of Article 4 of this Ordinance:

- (a) failure of a User to factually report the wastewater constituents and characteristics of his discharge;
- (b) failure of the User to report significant changes in operations, or wastewater constituents and characteristics;

- (c) refusal of reasonable access to the User's premises for the purpose of inspection or monitoring; or
 - (d) violation of conditions of the permit.

Section 803. Notification of Violation. Whenever the Township finds that any User has violated or is violating this Ordinance, the wastewater contribution permit or any prohibition, limitation or requirements contained herein, the Township may serve upon such person a written notice stating the nature of the violation. Within five (5) days of the date of the notice, a plan for the satisfactory correction thereof shall be submitted to the Township by the User.

Section 804. Show Cause Hearing. The Township may order any User who causes or allows an unauthorized discharge to enter the POTW to show cause before the Township why the proposed enforcement action should not be taken. A notice shall be served on the User specifying the time and place of a hearing to be held by the Township regarding the violation, the reasons why the action is to be taken and the proposed enforcement action, and directing the User to show cause before the Township why the proposed enforcement action should not be taken. The notice of the hearing shall be served personally or by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, at least ten (10) days before the hearing. Service may be made on any agent or officer of a corporation.

The Township may itself conduct the hearing and take the evidence, or may designate any of its members or any officer or employee of the assigned department to:

- (a) issue in the name of the Township notices of hearings requesting the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence relevant to any matter involved in such hearings;
 - (b) take the evidence;
- (c) transmit a report of the evidence and hearing, including transcripts and other evidence, together with recommendations to the Township for action thereon.

Any hearing held pursuant to this Ordinance will be held in accordance with the Local Agency Law. In the event that the Township, pursuant to the Local Agency Law, affirms an enforcement decision, any appeal of that enforcement decision to the Court of Common Pleas will not act as a stay of the enforcement order except upon petition to the Court and order of the Court.

After the Township has reviewed the evidence, it may issue an order to the User responsible for the discharge directing that, following a specified time period, the sewer service be

discontinued unless adequate treatment facilities, devices or other related appurtenances shall have been installed on existing treatment facilities, devices or other related appurtenances and are properly operated. Further orders and directives as are necessary and appropriate may be issued.

The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the American Arbitration Association or such other rules and regulations as the Township may promulgate.

Section 805. Legal Action. If any person discharges sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes into the POTW contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance, Federal or State Pretreatment Requirements or any order of the Township, the Township Solicitor may commence an action for appropriate legal and/or equitable relief. If the Township is successful in such action, reasonable and necessary legal fees will be awarded to the Township.

ARTICLE 9.

REMOVAL, TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL OF DOMESTIC WASTE AND INDUSTRIAL WASTES.

Any tank truck or any other equipment used or intended to be used within the Township for the removal and/or transportation of domestic waste and industrial wastes shall conform to the following requirements:

- (1) The container shall be watertight.
- (2) Tanks, containers or other equipment shall be so constructed that every portion of the interior and exterior can be easily cleaned and shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition.
- (3) Piping, valves and permanent or flexible connections shall be accessible and easily disconnected for cleaning purposes.
- (4) The inlet opening, or openings, to every container shall be so constructed that the material will not spill out during filling, transfer or transport.
- (5) The outlet connections shall be so constructed that no material will leak out or run out to other than the point of discharge, and shall be of a design and type suitable for the material handled and capable of controlling the flow or discharge without spillage, undue spray, or flooding of immediate surroundings while in use.

(6) No connection shall be made at any time between a tap or outlet furnishing potable water on any premises and any container or equipment holding material by any means other than an open connection. No domestic waste and/or industrial wastes shall be discharged by tank trucks into the sewer system.

ARTICLE 10.

CIVIL PENALTIES

Section 1001. Violation/Failure to Comply. Any User who is found to have violated an Order of the Township or who willfully or negligently failed to comply with any provision of this Ordinance, and the orders, rules, regulations and permits issued hereunder, shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than Thousand and 00/100 Dollars (\$1,000.00) and prosecution, and in default of payment of fines and costs, to imprisonment for not more than thirty (30) days. Each day on which a violation shall occur or continue shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense. In addition to the penalties provided herein, the Township may recover reasonable attorneys' fees, court costs, court reporters' fees and other expenses of litigation by appropriate action at law against the person found to have violated this Ordinance or the orders, rules, regulations and permits issued hereunder.

Section 1002. Falsifying Information. Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation certification in any application, record, report, plan or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to this Ordinance, or Wastewater Contribution Permit, or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required under this Ordinance, shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than Six Hundred and 00/100 Dollars (\$600.00) and costs of prosecution, and in default of payment of fines and costs, to imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or both. Such penalties are in addition to and not in lieu of any penalties as may be imposed under the Pennsylvania Crimes Code.

ARTICLE 11.

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1101. Severability. The provisions of this Ordinance are severable. If any of its provisions, paragraphs, words, sections, articles, terms or clauses are for any reason declared invalid, illegal or unconstitutional, such invalidity, illegality or unconstitutionality shall not affect or impair any of the

remaining provisions, paragraphs, words, sections, articles, terms and clauses of this Ordinance. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the Board of Supervisors of the Township of Tilden that this Ordinance would have been adopted had such invalid, illegal or unconstitutional provisions not been included herein.

Section 1102. Purpose. It is declared that the enactment of this Ordinance is necessary for the protection, benefit and preservation of the health, safety and welfare of the inhabitants of the POTW Service Area.

Section 1103. Repealer. All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed insofar as they are inconsistent with this Ordinance.

Section 1104. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall become effective twenty (20) days following enactment by Board of Supervisors of the Township of Tilden, Berks County, Pennsylvania.

DULY ENACTED AND ORDAINED THIS 5TH DAY OF JULY, 1994.

TOWNSHIP OF TILDEN

Gary L. Wilhelm, Chairman Board of Supervisors

By:

anna M. Shallin

Anna M. Shollenberger, CMC

Secretary